

Castration

Malicious Castration - Dead Victim - Continuous Transaction With Murder - Sufficiency Of Evidence

State v. Parker, 350 N.C. 411 (1999)

There was sufficient evidence to support submission of a charge of malicious castration to the jury, even though the medical examiner testified that the victim was dead at the time of the castration, where the evidence was sufficient to show that the crime of malicious castration was committed in conjunction with the victim's murder as part of a continuous chain of events forming one single transaction.